

Practice Assignment -1

Subject – Social Science

Class – 8th

Q1 India became a Sovereign Democratic Republic on 26 January 1950. On this day, the Constitution of India came into force. The joy of freedom was mixed with pain and sadness due to the partition of India, on communal lines. Whatever we came to know about India after independence is also apart of history.

(i)Write only one problem of Post-independence.

(ii)The British left India with more than 550 independent _____ states.

(iii)Who called dams as ‘temples of modern India’?

(iv)Define India’s Foreign policy in one line.

Q2 After 1919, the Indian National Movement involved almost all segments of Indian society, i.e. peasants, students, women, labourers, etc. Participation of all these people transformed the national movement into a mass movement. None other than Mahatma Gandhi is credited for this transformation.

Q(i)The phase of the freedom movement is called the _____ Era .

Q(ii)Who ordered his soldiers to shoot the trapped people with machine guns and rifles on Jallianwala Bagh?

Q(iii)Write only one importance of Non-Cooperation Movement .

Q(iv)From where Dandi March was started?

Q3 The Banjara are _____.

(a)Foreigners

(b)A nomadic tribe of India

(c)Outsiders

(d) Labour without pay

Q4 Nawab Wajid Ali Shah was deposed on the grounds of _____.

(a) Misgovernance

(b) War Crimes

(c) Disloyalty

(d) Economic Policies

Q5 Answer the following questions:-

(i) What was the contribution of Kunwar Singh?

(ii) Write any two reasons for the failure of Revolt 1857.

(iii) List the impact of forest laws on the lives of the tribals.

(iv) Throw a light on tribal communities.

(v) Discuss the process of growth of nationalism in India.

(vi) Write a short note on Communist Party.

(vii) Describe any two features of the Indian Constitution.

Q6 There are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R).

(i) Assertion (A) All members of the tribe owned land.

Reason (R) They led a nomadic lifestyle.

(ii) Assertion (A) Economic policies of the British were not in favour of Indians.

Reason (R) The British practised the policy of racial discrimination against the Indians.

(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.

(c) A is true, but R is false.

(d)A is false, but R is true.

Q7 Identify this image.



(a)Revolt of 1957

(b) Revolt of 1918

(c) Revolt of 1857

(d) Revolt of 1818